## S-packing colorings of distance graphs

The subject of this thesis is an S-packing coloring of graphs. For a non-decreasing sequence  $S = (s_1, s_2, ...)$  of positive integers, a mapping which assigns colors represented by positive integers to vertices of a graph G such that vertices with color i have mutual distance greater than  $s_i$  is called an S-packing coloring of G. The smallest integer k for which graph G admits an S-packing coloring using k colors is called the S-packing chromatic number of G, denoted by  $\chi_S(G)$ .

The thesis is divided into two parts. The first part sumarizes some known results on the S-packing colorings, while the second part is focused on own research on the S-packing coloring of distance graphs using sequences S whose elements are in  $\{1,2\}$ . Given a set  $D = \{t_1,\ldots,t_k\}$  of positive integers, the distance graph  $G(\mathbb{Z},D)$  or shortly G(D) is the non-oriented graph with  $\mathbb{Z}$  as the vertex set, while vertices x and y are adjacent if  $|x-y| \in D$ . In this thesis, we consider two classes of distance graphs G(D) with sets  $D = \{t_1, t_2\}$  and  $D = \{t_1, t_2, t_2 + t_1\}$ .